

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 411 00 15340-2950
Product name: RUST 4 REMOVER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Sbloccante degrippante con MOS2 in aerosol

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Meccanocar Italia S.r.l.
Full address: Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country: 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy
Tel. +39 0587 609433
Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: +39 0587 609433

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1	H222 H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

RUST 4 REMOVER

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC		
CAS -	45 ≤ x < 47,5	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066
EC 918-481-9		
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119457273-39-XXXX		
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING		
CAS 64742-55-8	21 ≤ x < 22,5	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: L
EC -		
INDEX 649-468-00-3		
Reg. no. 01-2119487077-29-XXXX		
PENTANO		

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CAS 109-66-0 16,5 ≤ x < 18 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2
H411, EUH066

EC 203-692-4

INDEX -

PROPANE

CAS 74-98-6 8 ≤ x < 9 Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note according to
Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: U

EC 200-827-9

INDEX 601-003-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119486944-21-XXXX

ISOBUTANE

CAS 75-28-5 8 ≤ x < 9 Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas H280

EC 200-857-2

INDEX 601-004-00-0

Reg. no. 01-2119485395-27-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 16,00 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media**

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP NOR	España TLV-ACGIH RCP TLV	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST) ACGIH 2019 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs – Appendix H
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DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning) 9,33 mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				0,74 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation							5,58 mg/m3	2,73 mg/m3
Skin								0,97 mg/kg bw/d

PENTANO

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water 23 mg/l

Normal value in marine water 23 mg/l

Normal value for fresh water sediment 1,2 mg/kg

Normal value for marine water sediment 1,2 mg/kg

Normal value of STP microorganisms 360 mg/l

Normal value for the terrestrial compartment 0,55 mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral						214 mg/kg bw/d		
Inhalation				643 mg/m3				3000 mg/m3
Skin				214 mg/kg bw/d				432 mg/kg bw/d

ISOBUTANE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	
RCP TLV			1000	RESP

PROPANE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP		1000	
TLV	NOR	900	500	
TLV-ACGIH			1000	

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Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Recommended glove material: nitrile or neoprene.

ISOBUTANE

Suitable glove material protective gloves, e.g. nitrile butadiene rubber gloves (NBR), leather gloves, heat insulating

Selection of protective gloves to meet specific workplace requirements.

Suitability for specific workplaces must be clarified with the manufacturers of protective gloves.

The information is based on our tests, references from literature and information from glove manufacturers or derived by analogy with similar materials.

Remember that the useful time per day of a chemical protection glove can be much shorter than the breakthrough time determined according to EN 374 due to the numerous influencing factors involved.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	aerosol
Colour	light grey
Odour	characteristic of solvent
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	0,6 % (V/V)
Upper inflammability limit	8 % (V/V)
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	3500 hPa
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0,7
Solubility	insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 70,00 % - 498,00 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

ISOBUTANE

Vapors can form an explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Heat, flames and sparks.

ISOBUTANE

Keep away from heat and other causes of fire.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Strong acids and bases, strong oxidizing agents and amines.

ISOBUTANE

Strong oxidizing agents, chlorine, oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

ISOBUTANE

In case of fire or production of thermal decomposition, for example, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

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Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 423

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Routes of exposure: Oral

Result: LD50> 15000 mg / kg bw

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 403

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Crj: CD (SD); male / female)

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Result: LC50> 4 951 mg / m³ air

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 402

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Crj: CD (SD); male / female)

Routes of exposure: Dermal

Result: LD50> 2 000 mg / kg bw

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Metodo: OECD 401

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: Ratto (Sprague-Dawley; maschio/femmina)

Via d'esposizione: Orale

Risultati: LD50: > 5 000 mg/kg bw

Metodo: Equivalente o similare a OECD 403

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: Ratto (Sprague-Dawley; maschio/femmina)

Via d'esposizione: Inalazione (aerosol)

Risultati: LC50: 2.18 mg/L air

Metodo: OECD 402

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: Coniglio (New Zealand White; maschio/femmina)

Via d'esposizione: Cutanea

Risultati: LD50: > 5 000 mg/kg bw

PROPANE

Method: To study the concentrations at which the effects of the CNS occur following exposure by inhalation to propane by measuring LC50 (15 min) and EC50 (CNS) (10 min) in rats.

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Alderley Park (SPF); male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation

Results: LC50> 800 000 ppm

RUST 4 REMOVERSKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 404

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Routes of exposure: Dermal

Result: Not irritating

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Metodo: Non indicato

Affidabilità: 2

Specie: Coniglio (New Zealand White)

Via d'esposizione: Cutanea

Risultati: Non irritante

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: OECD 405

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Routes of exposure: Ocular

Result: Not irritating

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Metodo: Equivalente o similare a OECD 405

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: Coniglio (New Zealand White)

Via d'esposizione: Oculare

Risultati: Non irritante

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 406

Reliability: 2

Species: guinea pig (Hartley; female)

Routes of exposure: Dermal

Result: Not sensitizing

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Metodo: Equivalente o similare a OECD 406

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: Porcellino d'india (Hartley; maschio)

Via d'esposizione: Cutanea

Risultati: Non sensibilizzante

RUST 4 REMOVERGERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: *S. typhimurium*

Result: Negative with and without metabolic activation

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 474 in vivo test

Reliability: 1

Species: Mouse (CD-1; male / female)

Routes of exposure: Oral

Result: Negative

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Metodo: Equivalente o simile a OECD 471-test in vitro

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: *S. typhimurium*

Risultati: Positivo con attivazione metabolica

Riferimento bibliografico: Blackburn GR, Deitch RA, Schreiner CA, Mehlman MA, and Mackerer CR, Estimation of the dermal carcinogenic activity of petroleum fractions using a modified Ames assay. (1984)

Metodo: OECD 474-test in vivo

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: Topo (CD-1; maschio/femmina)

Via d'esposizione: Orale

Risultati: Negativo

PROPANE

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: Histidine Salmonella

Results: Negative with or without metabolic activation

Method: OECD 474-test in vivo

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley CD; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (gas)

Results: Negative

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 453

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (F344 / N; male / female)

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Result: Based on the results, it is possible to establish that there are no carcinogenic effects on humans.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

RUST 4 REMOVER**DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING**

Metodo: OECD 421

Affidabilità: 1

Specie: Ratto (CD BR Sprague Dawley; maschio/femmina)

Via d'esposizione: Orale

Risultati: Negativo

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 413

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female)

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Result: Negative. NOAEC (fertility) ≥ 400 ppm**PROPANE**

Method: OECD 413

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley CD; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation

Results: NOAEC (fertility) 10 000 ppm

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Guidelines for Reproduction Studies for Safety and Evaluation of Drugs for Human Use, Segment II (Teratology Study)

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley)

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Result: Negative. NOAEC (development) ≥ 1575 mg / m³**PROPANE**

Method: EPA OPPTS 870.3700

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (VAF / Plus®, Sprague-Dawley Derived (CD®) CrI: CD® IGS BR)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (gas)

Results: NOAEC (development) 10 426 ppm

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the specific target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Sulla base dei dati disponibili e a mezzo del giudizio di esperti, la sostanza non è classificata nella classe di tossicità per organi bersaglio per esposizione singola.

ISOBUTANE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

PROPANE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: equivalent or similar to OECD 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Routes of exposure: Oral

Result: negative. NOAEL \geq 1000 mg / kg / day

Method: equivalent or similar to OECD 413

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (albino; male / female)

Routes of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Result: negative. NOAEC \geq 10400 mg / m³

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), LIGHT PARAFFINIC BY + HYDROTREATING

Sulla base dei dati disponibili e a mezzo del giudizio di esperti, la sostanza non è classificata nella classe di tossicità per organi bersaglio per esposizione prolungata o ripetuta.

ISOBUTANE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for prolonged or repeated exposure.

PROPANE

Method: OECD 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (gas)

Results: NOAEC 16 000 ppm

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Based on available data and through expert judgment the substance can be lethal in the event of ingestion and penetration into the respiratory tract.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Fish toxicity

Oncorhynchus mykiss species

OECD method 203

Results: 96-hour LL50> 1000 mg / L and LL0 = 1000 mg / L

Crustacean toxicity

Daphnia magna species

OECD 202 method

Results: 48-hour LL50> 1000 mg / L and LL0 = 1000 mg / L

Algae and aquatic plants toxicity

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata species

OECD 201 method

Results: 72-hour EL50> 1000 mg / L and NOELR = 1000 mg / L

12.2. Persistence and degradability

PROPANE

Solubility in water

0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

PROPANE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

1,09

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

The substance is suitable for combustion in a closed controlled burner for the value or disposal of the fuel by controlled incineration at very high temperatures to prevent the formation of undesirable combustion products.

ISOBUTANE

Compliance with local regulations, e.g. incineration through flaring system.

RUST 4 REMOVER

No waste key number according to the European list of waste types can be assigned to this product, since this classification is based on the use (not yet determined) for which the product is intended for the consumer.
The key number for the waste must be determined according to the European waste type list (decision on the EU waste type list 2000/532 / EC) in collaboration with the disposal company / producer / authority Official.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1950
IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS
IMDG: AEROSOLS
IATA: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 2 Label: 2.1
IMDG: Class: 2 Label: 2.1
IATA: Class: 2 Label: 2.1



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, -
IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO
IMDG: NO
IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: --	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D)
IMDG:	Special Provision: - EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo: Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 150 Kg Maximum quantity: 75	Packaging instructions: 203 Packaging instructions:

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Special Instructions:

Kg
A145, A167,
A802

203

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P3a

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006Product

Point 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

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Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gas, category 1A
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Liquefied gas
Press. Gas	Pressurised gas
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may burst if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament

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3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

- Handling Chemical Safety

- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)

- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

- IFA GESTIS website

- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

08 / 09.