

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 411 00 18490-5060 25L
411 00 18520-5075 5L
Product name: LIQUID PART WASHER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Cleaning liquid for parts washers

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Meccanocar Italia S.r.l.
Full address: Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country: 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy

Tel. +39 0587 609433

Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin sensitization, category 1

H304
H317

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P391 Collect spillage.
P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

Contains: HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC (R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC CAS - EC 926-141-6 INDEX - Reg. no. 01-2119456620-43-XXXX	90 ≤ x < 94	Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066
(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE CAS 5989-27-5 EC 227-813-5 INDEX 601-029-00-7 Reg. no. 01-2119529223-47-XXXX	8,5 ≤ x < 10	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
PIN-2 (3) -ene		

CAS 7785-26-4

 $0,1 \leq x < 0,15$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315,
Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 232-077-3

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Reg. no. 01-2119979519-16-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters**

Regulatory References:

ESP	España	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST)
NOR	Norge	Fastsatt av Arbeids- og sosialdepartementet 21. august 2018 med hjemmel i lov 17. juni 2005 nr. 62 om arbeidsmiljø, arbeidstid, stillingsvern mv. (arbeidsmiljøloven) § 1-3, § 1-4 og § 4-5

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	
		mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	168	30	SKIN

LIQUID PART WASHER

TLV NOR 140 25

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	1,4	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	1,4	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	3,85	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,385	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	1,8	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	133	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,763	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				4,8 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				16,6 mg/m3				66,7 mg/m3
Skin				4,8 mg/kg bw/d				9,5 mg/kg bw/d

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,0606	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,0061	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	15,7	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	1,57	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	0,2	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	8,76	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	3,17	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				0,225 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				0,674 mg/m3				3,8 mg/m3
Skin				0,225 mg/kg bw/d				0,542 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Respiratory protection: respirator with half-face filter Type A filter material, standards EN 136, 140 and 405 of the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) provide respiratory masks and EN 149 and 143 provide recommendations on filters.

Hand protection: Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Nitrile, standards CEN EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and lists of types of gloves.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Chemical resistant protective gloves (standard EN 374-1).

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Chemical resistant protective gloves (standard EN 374-1). They should be replaced regularly and if there are indications of degradation or chemical innovation.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

liquid

Colour	colourless
Odour	lemon
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	195 °C
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	70 °C
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0,811
Solubility	insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	225 °C
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight	136,24
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :	100,00 % - 845,00 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) :	88,20 % - 745,29 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Explodes on contact with nitrosyl perchlorate.

Prolonged or excessive heat and / or exposure to air can cause non-hazardous decomposition and / or oxidation of the substance. Keep away from heat sources and other causes of fire.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Prolonged or excessive heat and / or exposure to air can cause non-hazardous decomposition and / or oxidation of the substance. Keep away from heat and other causes of fire.

10.5. Incompatible materials

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Strong oxidants

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Avoid contact with strong acids and strong oxidizing agents.

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Strong acids and strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

LD50 (Oral) 5000 mg/kg rat

LD50 (Dermal) 2000 mg/kg rat

LC50 (Inhalation) 4,951 mg/l/4h rat

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 423

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50:> 15 000 mg / kg bw

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 403

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Crj; CD (SD); male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapor)

Results: LC50:> 4 951 mg / m³ air (analytical)

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 402

Reliability: 2

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: LD50:> 5 000 mg / kg bw

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Method: OECD 423

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50> 2000 mg / kg bw

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Method: OECD 423

Reliability: 1

LIQUID PART WASHER

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50> 500 mg / kg bw

Method: OECD 402

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: LD50> 2000 mg / kg bw

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 404

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Irritating

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Method: OECD 404

Reliability: 2

Species: Rabbit (albino)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Not irritating

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Method: Equivalent or similar to ECVAM protocol version 1.8 of February 2009

Reliability: 1

Species: Humans

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Category 2 (irritant)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: OECD 405

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Ocular

Results: Not irritating

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Method: OECD 405

Reliability: 2

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Ocular

Results: Not irritating

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Method: OECD 492
Reliability: 1
Species: Humans
Route of exposure: Ocular
Results: Not irritating

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin
May produce an allergic reaction. Contains:
HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 406
Reliability: 2
Species: guinea pig (Hartley; female)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: Not sensitizing

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Method: OECD 429
Reliability: 2
Species: Mouse (CBA / Ca; female)
Route of exposure: Dermal
Results: Sensitizers

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test
Reliability: 1
Species: S. typhimurium
Results: Negative
Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 474 in vivo test
Reliability: 1
Species: Mouse (CD-1; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: Negative

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test
Reliability: 1
Species: S. typhimurium
Results: Negative with and without metabolic activation
Bibliographic reference:
Method: Comet assay (Tice et al., 2000) - in vivo test
Reliability: 2
Species: Rat (OFA Sprague-Dawley; male)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: Negative

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

LIQUID PART WASHER

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 451

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (B6C3F1; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: Negative

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD TG 413

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: NOAEC> = 400 ppm

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 408

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (B6C3F1; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: Negative. NOAEL (fertility) = 500 mg / kg bw / day.

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Method: OECD 421

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (CrI: CD (SD); male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: Study still ongoing

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 422

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL> = 1000 mg / kg bw / day

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 413

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (albino; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: NOAEC> 10400 mg / m3 air

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 409

Reliability: 2

Species: Dog (Beagle; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: Negative. NOAEL = 100 mg / kg bw / day

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 413

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (B6C3F1; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation

Results: Negative

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

LC50 - for Fish

35 mg/l/96h *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

EC50 - for Crustacea

69,6 mg/l/48h *Daphnia pulex*

PIN-2 (3) -ene

LC50 - for Fish

0,303 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea

0,475 mg/l/48h

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,131 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,131 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Rapidly degradable in water, 71.4% in 28 days.

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Rapidly degradable in water, 68% in 28 days.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 4,38

BCF 1022

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

HYDROCARBONS, C11-C14, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <2% AROMATIC

The product is suitable for combustion in a closed controlled burner for the value or disposal of the fuel by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent the formation of undesirable combustion products.

(R)-P-MENTHA-1,8-DIENE

After a preliminary treatment, the product can be disposed of in a special waste incinerator in accordance with the rules relating to the disposal of special waste. Disposal must be carried out in accordance with local and national regulations.

PIN-2 (3) -ene

Waste treatment methods National and regional regulations must be respected.

The product must be disposed of in an authorized incinerator, according to the regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product
Point

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Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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 - IFA GESTIS website
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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15 / 16.