

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 411 00 19840-6280
Product name: PLASTIC PRIMER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Adhesion promoter for paints

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Meccanocar Italia S.r.l.
Full address: Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country: 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy

Tel. +39 0587 609433

Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1	H222 H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

PLASTIC PRIMER

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P501	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations.

Contains: HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE		
CAS -	58 ≤ x < 62	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC 921-024-6		
INDEX -		
Reg. no. 01-2119475514-35-XXXX		
METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER		
CAS 115-10-6	30 ≤ x < 32,5	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas H280
EC 204-065-8		
INDEX -		

PLASTIC PRIMER

Reg. no. 01-2119472128-37-XXXX

**ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE
REACTION MASS**

CAS - $8 \leq x < 9$

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315,
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1

EC 905-588-0

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Reg. no. 01-2119486136-34-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 32,00 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always

wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ITA Italia DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

PLASTIC PRIMER

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				699 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				608 mg/m3				2035 mg/m3
Skin				699 mg/kg bw/d				773 mg/kg bw/d

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	
			mg/m3	ppm
VLEP	ITA	983	400	INHAL

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	1,55	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,16	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	6,581	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,69	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	1,549	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,45	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation				471 mg/m3		NPI		1894 mg/m3

ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION MASS**Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

Normal value in fresh water	0,327	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,327	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	12,46	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	12,46	mg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	6,58	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,31	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				12,5 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	65,6 mg/m3	65,6 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	221 mg/m3	221 mg/m3
Skin				125 mg/kg bw/d				212 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

PLASTIC PRIMER

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

The types of gloves to consider for this material include: chemical resistant gloves. In case of contact with the forearms, wear suitable protective gloves. Nitrile, standards CEN EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and lists of types of gloves.

The types of respirators to be considered for this material include: half-face filter respirator with type A filter material, standards EN 136, 140 and 405 of the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) provide respiratory masks and EN 149 and 143 provide recommendations on the filters.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance	aerosol
Colour	colourless
Odour	characteristic of solvent
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not available

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Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	0,6 % (V/V)
Upper inflammability limit	26,2 % (V/V)
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	4000 hPa
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	0,88
Solubility	partially soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) : 99,00 % - 699,90 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Vapors can form an explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition.

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Temperature:> 52 ° C

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Oxidizing agents.

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Oxygen, oxidizing agents, acid anhydrides, strong acids, carbon monoxide, acetic anhydride, powdered metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Formaldehyde, carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide, methanol.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:

> 20 mg/l

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

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LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
>2000 mg/kg

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

LD50 (Oral) > 5840 mg/kg rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 2920 mg/kg rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) > 25,2 mg/l/4h rat

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

LC50 (Inhalation) 164000 ppm/4h rat

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: The tests were not performed according to the OECD and GHS guidelines.

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Charles River CD; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: LD50> 8

Method: The tests were not performed according to the OECD and GHS guidelines.

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Wistar; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: LC50> 25.2

Method: The tests were not performed according to the OECD and GHS guidelines.

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Charles River CD; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: LD50> = 4

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (albino ChR-CD; male)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (gas)

Results: LC50: 164 000 ppm

ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION MASS

Method: Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.2

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (male)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: LC50 6 700 ppm

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

PLASTIC PRIMER

Method: OECD 404
Reliability: 2
Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White; male / female)
Route of exposure: dermal
Results: Irritant, category 2 according to OECD and GHS guidelines.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: The tests were not performed following the OECD and GHS guidelines.
Reliability: 2
Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White; male / female)
Route of exposure: Ocular
Results: Not irritating

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 471 - in vitro test
Reliability: 1
Species: S. typhimurium, E. coli
Results: Negative and without metabolic activation.
Bibliographic reference: Brooks, T.M. et al. The genetic toxicology of some hydrocarbon and oxygenated solvents (1988).

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Method: OECD 471 in vitro test
Reliability: 1
Species: S. typhimurium
Results: Negative
Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 477 in vivo test
Reliability: 2
Species: Drosophila melanogaster (male)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (gas)
Results: Negative

ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION MASS

Method: Equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 478-test in vivo
Reliability: 2
Species: Mouse (Swiss Webster; male / female)
Route of exposure: Subcutaneous
Results: Negative

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

PLASTIC PRIMER

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 453
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (CD (R) (SD) BR; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: Negative

ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION MASS

Method: Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.32
Reliability: 2
Species: Rat (F344 / N; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral
Results: Negative

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 416
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: NOAEL (reproduction) = 9000 ppm

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 452
Reliability: 1
Species: Rat (CD (SD) BR; male / female)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: Negative

Adverse effects on development of the offspring
ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION MASS

Method: Equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 414
Reliability: 2
Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley)
Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)
Results: NOAEC 500 ppm

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Based on available data and by expert judgment, the substance is classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION MASS

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (WAG / RjCrIBR; male)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: Positive, NOAEC = 14000 mg / m3 air

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 452

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (CrI: CD (R) (SD) BR; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: Positive, NOAEL = 2.5%

ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION MASS

Method: Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.32

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (F344 / N; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL 250 mg / kg bw / day

Target organ

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Central nervous system

Route of exposure

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Inhalation

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Dryness

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS,

PLASTIC PRIMER

ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

LC50 - for Fish	11,4 mg/l/96h fish
EC50 - for Crustacea	3 mg/l/48h daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 30 mg/l/72h algae

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

LC50 - for Fish	4100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	4400 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	154,917 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	4100 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	4400 mg/l

ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE REACTION

MASS

LC50 - for Fish	2,6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1,3 mg/l/72h
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,44 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,44 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

Easily degradable in water, 98% in 28 days (OECD 301)

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Solubility in water	45600 mg/l
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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,07 Log Kow
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12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

PLASTIC PRIMER

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALCANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLES, <5% N-HEXANE

The product is suitable for combustion in a closed controlled burner for the value or disposal of the fuel by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent the formation of undesirable combustion products.

Empty drums must be completely drained and safely stored until they are properly reconditioned or disposed of. Empty containers must be recycled, recovered or disposed of through an appropriately qualified or authorized contractor and in accordance with government regulations. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY OR OTHER IGNITION SOURCES. MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

METHYL OXIDE DIMETHYLETER

It can be used after reconditioning. In accordance with local and national regulations. It must be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant in possession of an authorization issued by the competent authorities.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1950
IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS
IMDG: AEROSOLS
IATA: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 2 Label: 2.1
IMDG: Class: 2 Label: 2.1
IATA: Class: 2 Label: 2.1



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, -
IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO
IMDG: NO
IATA: NO

PLASTIC PRIMER

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: --	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 150 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 75 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Special Instructions:	A145, A167, A802	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P3a-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product Point</u>	40
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Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

PLASTIC PRIMER

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gas, category 1A
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Press. Gas	Pressurised gas
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may burst if heated.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation

PLASTIC PRIMER

- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12.

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 15 / 16.