# 

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

 Code:
 411 00 20420-6360

 Product name
 RINSE LIQUID FAP / DPF

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Rinsing liquid for particulate filters

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Meccanocar Italia S.r.I.
Full address Via San Francesco, 22
District and Country 56033 Capannoli (PI)
Italy

Tel. +39 0587 609433

Fax +39 0587 607145

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet moreno.meini@meccanocar.it

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to National Poisons Information Service: +44 121 507 4123

# **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3
Eye irritation, category 2
H319
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H326
H336
Flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

# **RINSE LIQUID FAP / DPF**

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Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H226
H319
H336
Flammable liquid and vapour.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

**P280** Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P370+P378 In case of fire: use CO2 fire extinguisher to extinguish.
P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Contains: PROPAN-2-OL

ETHYL ACETATE

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

PROPAN-2-OL

CAS 67-63-0 18 ≤ x < 19,5 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 200-661-7

INDEX 603-117-00-0

Reg. no. 01-2119457558-25-XXXX

ETHYL ACETATE

CAS 141-78-6 2 ≤ x < 2,5 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 205-500-4

INDEX 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

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#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

## HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

# **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

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#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# Regulatory References:

| ESP | España         | LIMITES DE EXPOSICION PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUIMICOS EN ESPANA 2019 (INSST)  |
|-----|----------------|---|
| FRA | France         | Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS  |
| GBR | United Kingdom | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition, published 2018)   |
| ITA | Italia         | DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017   |
| NOR | Norge          | Fastsatt av Arbeids- og sosialdepartementet 21. august 2018 med hjemmel i lov 17. juni 2005 nr. 62 om arbeidsmiljø, arbeidstid, stillingsvern mv. (arbeidsmiljøloven) § 1-3, § 1-4 og § 4-5   |
| PRT | Portugal       | Ministério da Economia e do Emprego Consolida as prescrições mínimas em matéria de protecção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos para a segurança e a saúde devido à exposição a agentes químicos no trabalho - Diário da República, 1.ª série - N.º 111 - 11 de junho de 2018 |
| EU  | OEL EU         | Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.   |
|     | TLV-ACGIH      | ACGIH 2019  |
|     |                |   |

# PROPAN-2-OL

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| Threshold Limit Value  |  |   |  |   |   |                         |               |                                |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Туре   | Country  | TWA/8h                                  |  | STEL/15min  |   | Remark:<br>Observa      |               |                                |
|  |  | mg/m3                                   | ppm  | mg/m3   | ppm   |                         |               |                                |
| VLA  | ESP  | 500                                     | 200  | 1000  | 400   |                         |               |                                |
| VLEP   | FRA  |   |  | 980   | 400   |                         |               |                                |
| WEL  | GBR  | 999                                     | 400  | 1250  | 500   |                         |               |                                |
| TLV  | NOR  | 245                                     | 100  |   |   |                         |               |                                |
| TLV-ACGIH  |  | 492                                     | 200  | 983   | 400   |                         |               |                                |
| Predicted no-effect concentratio   | on - PNEC  |   |  |   |   |                         |               |                                |
| Normal value in fresh water  |  |   |  | 140,9   | mg  | /I                      |               |                                |
| Normal value in marine water   |  |   |  | 140,9   | mg  | /I                      |               |                                |
| Normal value for fresh water sec   | diment   |   |  | 552   | mg  | /kg                     |               |                                |
| Normal value for marine water s  | sediment   |   |  | 552   | mg/kg                                       |                         |               |                                |
| Normal value of STP microorgan   | nisms  |   |  | 2251  | mg  | ı/I                     |               |                                |
| Normal value for the food chain  | (secondary poisor  | ning)                                   |  | 160   | mg  | /kg                     |               |                                |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment   |  |   |  | 28  | mg  | ı/kg                    |               |                                |
| Health - Derived no-effect   |  | DMEL                                    |  |   | <b>-</b> " .                                |                         |               |                                |
|  | Effects on consumers                                       |   |  |   | Effects on<br>workers                       |                         |               |                                |
| Route of exposure  | Acute local  | Acute systemic                          | Chronic local  | Chronic<br>systemic   | Acute local                                 | Acute<br>systemic       | Chronic local | Chronic systemic               |
| Oral   |  |   |  | 26 mg/kg<br>bw/d  |   |                         |               |                                |
|  |  |   |  |   |   |                         |               |                                |
| Inhalation   |  |   |  | 89 mg/m3  |   |                         |               | 500 mg/m3                      |
| Inhalation   |  |   |  |   |   |                         |               | 500 mg/m3<br>888 mg/kg<br>bw/d |
| Skin   |  |   |  | 89 mg/m3<br>319 mg/kg   |   |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| Skin ETHYL ACETATE   |  |   |  | 89 mg/m3<br>319 mg/kg   |   |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| Skin   | Country  | TWA/8h                                  |  | 89 mg/m3<br>319 mg/kg   |   | Remark                  |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| Skin  ETHYL ACETATE  Threshold Limit Value   | Country  | TWA/8h<br>mg/m3                         | ppm  | 89 mg/m3<br>319 mg/kg<br>bw/d   | ppm   | Remark:<br>Observa      |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| Skin  ETHYL ACETATE  Threshold Limit Value   | Country  |   | ppm<br>200   | 89 mg/m3<br>319 mg/kg<br>bw/d<br>STEL/15min   | ppm<br>400                                  |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type   | ·  | mg/m3                                   |  | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3  |   |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  | ESP  | mg/m3<br>734                            | 200  | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d STEL/15min mg/m3  |   |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA VLEP   | ESP<br>FRA   | mg/m3<br>734<br>1400                    | 200<br>400   | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468                                      | 400   |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL   | ESP<br>FRA<br>GBR  | mg/m3<br>734<br>1400<br>734             | 200<br>400<br>200                                    | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468                                      | 400   |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP   | ESP<br>FRA<br>GBR<br>ITA                                   | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734                  | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200                             | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468                                      | 400   |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE   | ESP<br>FRA<br>GBR<br>ITA<br>NOR                            | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734              | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200                      | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468                                 | 400<br>400<br>400                           |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  | ESP<br>FRA<br>GBR<br>ITA<br>NOR                            | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734          | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200               | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468                                 | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400                    |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE  OEL  | ESP FRA GBR ITA NOR PRT EU                                 | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734 734 734  | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200 | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468                                 | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400                    |                         |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE  OEL  TLV-ACGIH   | ESP FRA GBR ITA NOR PRT EU                                 | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734 734 734  | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200 | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468                                 | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400                    | Observa                 |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE  OEL  TLV-ACGIH  Predicted no-effect concentratio   | ESP FRA GBR ITA NOR PRT EU                                 | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734 734 734  | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200 | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468 1468                            | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>400             | Observa<br>//I          |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE  OEL  TLV-ACGIH  Predicted no-effect concentratio  Normal value in fresh water                                  | ESP FRA GBR ITA NOR PRT EU                                 | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734 734 734  | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200 | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468 1468 1468                       | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>mg       | Observa<br>//I          |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE  OEL  TLV-ACGIH  Predicted no-effect concentratio Normal value in fresh water  Normal value in marine water     | ESP FRA GBR ITA NOR PRT EU on - PNEC                       | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734 734 734  | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200 | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468 1468 1468                       | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>mg<br>mg | Observa                 |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE  OEL  TLV-ACGIH  Predicted no-effect concentratio Normal value in fresh water Normal value for fresh water see  | ESP FRA GBR ITA NOR PRT EU on - PNEC                       | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734 734 734  | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200 | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468 1468 1468 0,24 0,024 1,15       | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>mg<br>mg | Observa  //I  //I  //kg |               | 888 mg/kg                      |
| ETHYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value Type  VLA  VLEP  WEL  VLEP  TLV  VLE  OEL  TLV-ACGIH  Predicted no-effect concentratio Normal value in fresh water  Normal value for fresh water sec | ESP FRA GBR ITA NOR PRT EU on - PNEC diment sediment nisms | mg/m3 734 1400 734 734 734 734 734 1441 | 200<br>400<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200<br>200 | 89 mg/m3 319 mg/kg bw/d  STEL/15min mg/m3 1468 1468 1468 1468 0,24 0,024 1,15 0,115 | 400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>400<br>mg<br>mg | Observa  //I  //I  //kg |               | 888 mg/kg                      |

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| Health - Derived no-ef | fect level - DNEL / D | MEL            |               |                   |             |            |               |                  |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|---------------|------------------|
|                        | Effects on            |                |               |                   | Effects on  |            |               |                  |
|                        | consumers             |                |               |                   | workers     |            |               |                  |
| Route of exposure      | Acute local           | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic           | Acute local | Acute      | Chronic local | Chronic          |
|                        |                       |                |               | systemic          |             | systemic   |               | systemic         |
| Oral                   |                       |                |               | 4,5 mg/kg<br>bw/d |             |            |               |                  |
| Inhalation             | 734 mg/m3             | 734 mg/m3      | 367 mg/m3     | 367 mg/m3         | 1468 mg/m3  | 1468 mg/m3 | 734 mg/m3     | 734 mg/m3        |
| Skin                   |                       |                |               | 37 mg/kg<br>bw/d  |             |            |               | 63 mg/kg<br>bw/d |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

# SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

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Respiratory protection: personal respiratory protection devices are normally not required. In inadequately ventilated areas, where workplace limits are exceeded, where there are unpleasant odors or where aerosols are present or smoke and fog occur, use a self-contained breathing apparatus or selfcontained breathing apparatus with a type A filter or an appropriate combined filter, in compliance with EN 141.

Hand protection: the choice of an appropriate glove depends not only on its material but also on other quality characteristics and is different from one manufacturer to another. Observe the permeability and breakthrough time instructions provided by the glove supplier. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions in which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasions and contact times., Keep in mind that in daily use the durability of a chemical resistant protective glove can be considerably less than breakthrough time measured according to EN 374.

ETHYL ACETATE

Butyl rubber gloves (opening times> 480 minutes), Neoprene ™ rubber, nitrile rubber (opening times up to 480 minutes).

# **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance liquid Colour blue Odour characteristic

Odour threshold Not available Not available Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Boiling range Not available Flash point > 55 °C Evaporation rate Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Relative density Not available Solubility soluble in water Not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Not available Not available Viscosity Not available Explosive properties Not available

#### 9.2. Other information

Information not available

Oxidising properties

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

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## 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### ETHYL ACETATE

It slowly decomposes to acetic acid and ethanol due to the action of light, air and water. Stable under normal conditions. Upon storage, it is slowly decomposed by water.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

PROPAN-2-OL

Vapors can form an explosive mixture with air.

## ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,hydrides,oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

Ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

# ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,aluminium,nitrates,chlorosulphuric acid.Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

Oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYL ACETATE

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Carbon oxides on combustion.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

## **ACUTE TOXICITY**

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

PROPAN-2-OL

LD50 (Oral) 4710 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 12800 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation) 72,6 mg/l/4h Rat

PROPAN-2-OL

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 401

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Sherman) Route of exposure: Oral

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Results: LD50: 5.84 other: g / kg body weight

Bibliographic reference: Smyth HF & Carpenter CP, FURTHER EXPERIENCE WITH THE RANGE FINDING TEST IN THE INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY

LABORATORY (1948)

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 403

Reliability: 1 Species: Rat (Fischer 344; male / female) Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapor) Results: LC50: ca. 5,000 ppm

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 402

Reliability: 2 Species: Rabbit

Route of exposure: Dermal Results: LD50: 16.4 mL / kg bw

Bibliographic reference: Smyth HF & Carpenter CP, FURTHER EXPERIENCE WITH THE RANGE FINDING TEST IN THE INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY

LABORATORY (1948)

## ETHYL ACETATE

Method: Multi-Substance Rule for the Testing of Neurotoxicity 40 CFR Part 799 (58 FR 40262)

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation (vapors)

Results: Negative Method: Not indicated

Reliability: 2

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White; male)

Route of exposure: Dermal Results: LD50> 20 000 mg / kg bw

# SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

PROPAN-2-OL

Method: Not indicated Reliability: 2 Species: Rabbit

Route of exposure: Dermal Results: Not classified

Bibliographic reference: Nixon G, Tyson C & Wertz W, Interspecies Comparisons of Skin Irritancy (1975)

# SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

PROPAN-2-OL

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 405

Reliability: 1

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Ocular Results: Category 2

ETHYL ACETATE

Method: OECD 405 Reliability: 2

Species: Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Route of exposure: Ocular Results: Not irritating

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## RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

PROPAN-2-OL

Method: OECD 406

Reliability: 1

Species: guinea pig (Hartley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Dermal Results: Not sensitizing

Skin sensitization ETHYL ACETATE

Method: OECD 406 Reliability: 1

Species: guinea pig (Dunkin-Hartley; female) Route of exposure: Dermal

Results: Not sensitizing

## GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

PROPAN-2-OL

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 476 in vitro test

Reliability: 1

Species: Chinese hamster

Results: Negative with or without metabolic activation

Bibliographic reference:

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 474 in vivo test

Reliability: 2

Species: Mouse (ICR; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral Results: Negative

# ETHYL ACETATE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 471 in vitro test

Reliability: 2

Species: S. typhimurium

Results: Negative with and without metabolic activation Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 474 in vivo test

Reliability: 2

Species: Chinese hamster (male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral Results: Negative

# CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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#### PROPAN-2-OL

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 416

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)
Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL 500

#### ETHYL ACETATE

Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 416

Reliability: 1

Species: Mouse (CD-1; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: Negative Method: Equivalent or similar to OECD 414

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley) Route of exposure: Inhalation

Results: Negative

# STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

PROPAN-2-OL

Based on the available data, the substance may cause damage to organs through single exposure and is therefore classified in this hazard class.

#### ETHYL ACETATE

Based on available data and through expert judgment, the substance is classified in the target organ toxicity class for single exposure.

Target organ ETHYL ACETATE

Central nervous system.

Route of exposure PROPAN-2-OL

inhalation

ETHYL ACETATE

Inhalation.

# STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

PROPAN-2-OL

Based on the available data and through expert judgment, the substance is not classified in the target organ hazard class for prolonged or repeated exposure.

ETHYL ACETATE

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Method: Equivalent or similar to EPA OTS 795.2600

Reliability: 2

Species: Rat (Sprague-Dawley; male / female)

Route of exposure: Oral

Results: NOAEL 900 mg / kg bw / day

Method: EPA OTS 798.2450

Reliability: 1

Species: Rat (Crl: CD®BR; male / female)

Route of exposure: Inhalation Results: LOEC 350 ppm

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

## 12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

PROPAN-2-OL

Quickly degradable in water.

ETHYL ACETATE

Rapidly degradable, 60% in 10 days.

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

PROPAN-2-OL

Rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68 BCF 30

PROPAN-2-OL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,05

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

# Meccanocar Italia S.r.I. Revision nr. 2 Dated 20/02/2020 Printed on 20/02/2020 Page n. 14/17 Replaced revision:1 (Dated: 20/03/2018) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%. 12.6. Other adverse effects Information not available SECTION 13. Disposal considerations 13.1. Waste treatment methods

# PROPAN-2-OL

After pre-treatment and compliance with the regulations for hazardous waste, they must be taken to a permitted hazardous waste landfill or a hazardous waste incinerator.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be

#### ETHYL ACETATE

Dispose of as hazardous waste. Recover or recycle if possible. Otherwise incineration. Dispose according to local regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Disposal of the container: empty the container completely. Empty containers may contain highly flammable residues. Do not cut, grind, puncture, weld or dispose of containers unless adequate precautions have been taken against this hazard. Do not remove the container labels until they are cleaned. Send to drum recovery or metal recovery.

# **SECTION 14. Transport information**

evaluated according to applicable regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

Not applicable

14.1. UN number

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

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| 14.4. Packing group  |   |
| Thur downing group   |   |
| Not applicable   |   |
| Not applicable   |   |
| 44.5. 5  |   |
| 14.5. Environmental hazards  |   |
|  |   |
| Not applicable   |   |
|  |   |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user   |   |
|  |   |
| Not applicable   |   |
|  |   |
| 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code                                       |   |
|  |   |
| Information not relevant   |   |
| SECTION 15. Regulatory information   |   |
| SECTION TO Regulatory information  |   |
| 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture           |   |
| Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c  |   |
| Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 |   |
|  |   |
| Product Point 3 - 40   |   |
|  |   |
| Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)   |   |
| On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.         |   |
| Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)  |   |
|  |   |
| None   |   |
| Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:                                    |   |
| None   |   |
| Substances subject to the Detterden Convention.  |   |
| Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:  |   |
| None   |   |
| Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |

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None

#### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

# **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- · vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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## GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
  5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

# Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15.